DOI URI SCHEME

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TRADEMARK AND LOGO USAGE POLICY

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PREFACE

This document specifies the "doi" URI scheme. It has been prepared and published by the DOI Foundation (https://www.doi.org/), and was subject to consensus review by DOI Foundation members, including its registration agencies.

INTRODUCTION

A DOI name is a global unique identifier of a referent, which can be any digital, physical or abstract entity, including inventions, literary and artistic works, ideas, symbols, names, images, designs, etc. DOI names are, for example, widely used to identify academic publications. The DOI system is specified in [iso26324] and [doi-handbook], with the former offering regular formal snapshot of the latter.

> EXAMPLE 1: The DOI name "10.5240/7481-838B-59CA-63D0-B9A8-E" refers to My Neighbor Totoro, a 1988 film directed by Hayao Miyazaki.

A DOI name is persistent over time. This persistence is provided by the independence of the DOI name from the referent itself and its descriptive elements. These descriptive elements of a referent, including location and ownership, can change over time, and their current values are retrieved by resolving the DOI name. The set of elements retrieved by resolving a DOI name is called the DOI record. The DOI name resolution process uses the Handle System specified at [RFC3650], [RFC3651] and [RFC3652], as updated by [DOI-RP].

This document specifies a URI scheme for DOI names. This scheme conforms to the syntax specified at [RFC3986] and formalizes the notation "doi:<DOI name>", which is in widespread use. When dereferenced as detailed in Section 4, the URI corresponding to a DOI name yields the DOI record associated with the name.

> EXAMPLE 2: "doi:10.5240/7481-838B-59CA-63D0-B9A8-E" is the URI corresponding to the DOI name above.

This document intended to satisfy the guidelines and registration procedures specified at [RFC7595].

Chapter 2
SYNTAX
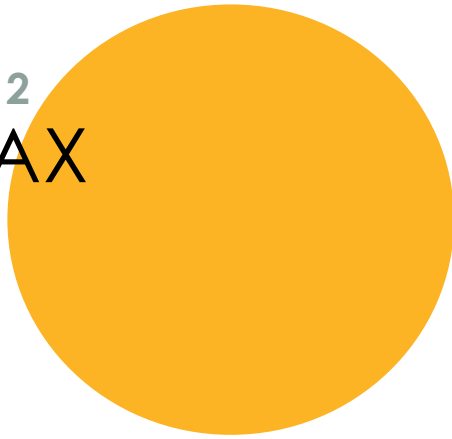
As specified at [doi-handbook], a DOI name consists of an ordered sequence of Unicode code points of the Graphic type. The code points are arranged in a DOI prefix and a DOI suffix separated by U+002F SOLIDUS.

A DOI Name URI is a URI that corresponds to a given DOI name. As defined at [RFC7595], its scheme name SHALL be `"doi"` and its scheme-specific-part SHALL conform to the following syntax (expressed using ABNF syntax as defined at [RFC5234]):

```
scheme-specific-part = doi-encoded-prefix "/" doi-encoded-suffix
```

`doi-encoded-prefix` and `doi-encoded-suffix` SHALL be the result of applying the following ordered sequence of steps to, respectively, the DOI prefix and DOI suffix:

1. express the ordered sequence of Unicode code points as a UTF-8 String, as defined at [Unicode], without the byte order mark and without any normalization;

2. for every byte in the UTF-8 String:

   a. output the byte unmodified if the byte is either in the `unreserved` set, in the `sub-delims` set, equal to `":"` or equal to `"@"`;

   b. otherwise, replace the byte with the US-ASCII byte triplet resulting from percent-encoding the byte.

The `unreserved` and `sub-delims` sets are specified at [RFC3986].

A DOI Name URI shall contain neither a query component nor a fragment component.

> EXAMPLE 1: The DOI name "10.5594/SMPTE.ST2067-21.2020" corresponds to the URI <doi:10.5594/SMPTE.ST2067-21.2020>.

EXAMPLE 2: The DOI name "10.6338/JDA.202212/SP_17(4).0000" corresponds to the URI <doi:10.6338/JDA.202212%2FSP_17(4).0000>.

EXAMPLE 3: The DOI name "10.26321/Á.GUTIÉRREZ.ZARZA.02.2018.03" with the code point sequence <U+0031, U+0030, U+002E, U+0032, U+0036, U+0033, U+0032, U+0031, U+002F, U+00C1, U+002E, U+0047, U+0055, U+0054, U+0049, U+00C9, U+0052, U+0052, U+0045, U+005A, U+002E, U+005A, U+0041, U+0052, U+005A, U+0041, U+002E, U+0030, U+0032, U+002E, U+0032, U+0030, U+0031, U+0038, U+002E, U+0030, U+0033> corresponds to the URI <doi:10.26321/%C3%81.GUTI%C3%89RREZ.ZARZA.02.2018.03>.

NOTE 1: The sequence of code points comprising a DOI name is not normalized and equivalence between DOI names is based on code points. For example, two DOI names that differ only in the abstract character "Á" being encoded as <U+00C1> in the first and as <U+0041, U+0301> in the second are not identical.

NOTE 2: Presenting a DOI name by rendering its sequence of code points to glyphs can be ambiguous since multiple code points or sequences of code points can result in the same glyphs. For example, U+002D HYPHEN-MINUS, U+2212 MINUS SIGN and U+2013 EN DASH are rendered as similar glyphs. As another example, the abstract character "á" can be represented by either the code point U+00E1 or the sequence of code points <U+0061, U+0301>. Presenting a DOI name in its URI form resolves this ambiguity.

NOTE 3: The algorithm for generating a DOI Name URI from a DOI Name is not generic, and care is needed when processing a DOI Name URI using a generic URI library. In the context of the generic URI syntax, a DOI Name URI is a URI where the hier-part component is a path-rootless component. The path-rootless component itself consists of two segments, the corresponding to the doi-encoded-prefix and the second to the doi-encoded-suffix.

NOTE 4: Internationalized Resource Identifiers (IRIs) are a kind of identifier specified in [RFC3987] and used in [RDF]. The IRI syntax is an extension of the URI syntax, and every URI is also an IRI. As such, a DOI Name URI can be used without modification wherever an IRI is needed and the URI-to-IRI conversion algorithm specified at [RFC3987], 3.2 is not used.

Chapter 3
EQUIVALENCE

The following procedure SHALL be performed to determine whether two DOI Name URIs are equivalent:

1. the scheme-specific-part of each of the two URIs is percent-decoded into a UTF-8 String;

2. the two UTF-8 Strings are interpreted as two DOI names;

3. the two DOI Name URIs are equivalent if the two DOI names are equivalent, as defined at [doi-handbook].

NOTE: When testing for equivalence, DOI names are case-insensitive only with respect to the Basic Latin Unicode block.

Chapter 4
DOI NAME RESOLUTION

Resolving a DOI name means retrieving its DOI record, which contains the descriptive elements associated with the referent identified by the DOI name.

A DOI name URI can be used to resolve its corresponding DOI name by performing an HTTP GET request at the following URL (expressed using ABNF syntax as defined at [RFC5234]):

```
"https://doi.org/api/handles/" scheme-specific-part
```

where `scheme-specific-part` is defined at Section 2, and the `"https"` scheme is specified at [RFC9110].

The body of the response is a JSON object, as defined at [RFC8259], that contains the following members:

responseCode

> The property is a Number. The following values are defined:
>
> 1   The resolution completed successfully. The HTTP response status code is 200.
>
> 2   The resolution did not complete successfully because of a server error. The HTTP response status code is 500.
>
> 100   The DOI name was not found. The HTTP response status code is 404.
>
> 200   No descriptive elements were found for the requested DOI name. The HTTP response status code is 200.

handle

> The property is a String. It is equal to the DOI name for which resolution was requested.

9

values

> The property is an Object. It contains the descriptive elements for the referent identified by the DOI name. The contents of the property are specified at [RFC3651].

Figure 1 illustrates the DOI record, at the time of this writing, for the DOI name corresponding to the URI <doi:10.1000/182>. The DOI record was retrieved by performing an HTTP GET request to <https://doi.org/api/handles/10.1000/182>.

```json
{
  "responseCode": 1,
  "handle": "10.1000/182",
  "values": [
    {
      "index": 1,
      "type": "URL",
      "data": {
        "format": "string",
        "value": "http://www.doi.org/hb.html"
      },
      "ttl": 86400,
      "timestamp": "2004-01-21T14:14:17Z"
    },
    {
      "index": 100,
      "type": "HS_ADMIN",
      "data": {
        "format": "admin",
        "value": {
          "handle": "0.na/10.1000",
          "index": 200,
          "permissions": "011111110010",
          "legacyByteLength": true
        }
      },
      "ttl": 86400,
      "timestamp": "2000-06-23T15:17:46Z"
    }
  ]
}
```

Figure 1. DOI record for the DOI name "10.1000/182" (at the time of this writing).

RETRIEVING THE REFERENT IDENTIFIED BY A DOI NAME

While Section 4 specifies the procedure for retrieving the DOI record associated with DOI name, the steps necessary to retrieve the actual referent described by the record depend on the nature of the referent, e.g., a referent can be a physical object.

Some, but not all, referents can be retrieved by dereferencing an HTTP/HTTPS URI found in their respective DOI records, as illustrated in Figure 1 where the referent identified by the DOI name "10.1000/182" can be retrieved at "http://www.doi.org/hb.html".

The single DOI resolution and multiple doi resolution functions at [doi-handbook] specify the process of retrieving a referent that is available by dereferencing an HTTP/HTTPS URI.

SECURITY CONSIDERATIONS

A DOI name is an opaque string, which does not have a discernible meaning on its own and is for use by humans and machines alike. It consists of a sequence of Unicode code points and the security considerations at [UNICODE-TR36] apply. In particular, and as noted at Section 2, presenting a DOI name by rendering its sequence of code points to glyphs can be ambiguous. As a result, two DOI names rendering to the same sequence of glyphs can identify referents, including, for example, two software executables with wildly different side-effects. Presenting a DOI name in its URI form, which consists of a limited subset of characters, can lessen this risk.

The DOI name resolution process is conducted using the Hypertext Transfer Protocol Secure, which ensures confidentiality and integrity of the transaction, and the security considerations at [RFC9110] apply.

The result of the DOI name resolution process is a JSON object and the security considerations at [RFC8259] apply.

IANA CONSIDERATIONS

The following is the permanent URI Scheme Registration request, as defined in [RFC7595]:

Scheme name

doi

Status

Permanent

Contact

Pierre-Anthony Lemieux <pal@sandflow.com>

Change controller

DOI Foundation

Web: <https://www.doi.org>

Email: <info@doi.org>

References

This document

Chapter 8
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